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ENGH 121- AC2

Summary #3 revision

4/18/2013

According to the reporter from *The Economist*, “Food for Thoughts”, having food is more important than having shelter (2004). The author’s structure in this article is a problem-solution structure. The author discusses some of the affects of lack of food in Malawi. He points out that lack of food can affect the development in the economy like the significant decreasing of the GDP. Another problem that the author talks about is that the food shortage leads to nutrition deficiency and productivity of the people’s work. Not only lack of productivity of the people’s work, but also the author also proves that malnutrition leads to disease. These problems are caused by many factors and war is the biggest cause. There are some possible solutions that the author suggests. He reports that food encourages students to learn; by not feeling hungry, students’ performances will rises. The author also says that because children get fed in schools and gain energy, families’ will be encouraged to enroll their kids to school. Another solution the author talk about is providing nutrition food because better health leads to more productivity in work, which leads to richer county. Since in poor counties traditions women is the one who did coking, the author assumes that educate women on nutrition has a big part in build a healthier community. Adding a small amount of nutrients in the food doesn’t mean that the whole recipe will change.